SECRET

25X1

26 March 1980

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Further Chinese Statements on Taiwan's Membership in IMF

in seeking IMF member flexible to preserve	alikely to withdraw its stated demand led from the IMF/IBRD. Beijing, however exship, may adopt tactics sufficiently this principle while circumventing as and avoiding assumption of Taiwan's IBRD.
2. Recent rema	arks

indicate that the "one China" issue and unwillingness to assume Taiwan's obligations to IMF remain key points for Beijing. information apparently is based on informed assumptions, some other formula besides simple expulsion of Taiwan might be contrived to solve these issues. the details of such an arrangement had not yet been worked out, but that it involved some type of unofficial association with IMF for Taiwan. association which would fall short of Taiwan's full membership, but would allow Taiwan to continue to enjoy certain benefits. More importantly, it would allow Taiwan to fulfill its remaining obligations to the IMF. Evidently Beljing's political interest in not severely damaging Taiwan's economy in order to lend credibility to its public statements that

interest in not severely damaging Taiwan's economy in order to lend credibility to its public statements that reunification with China will not result in the island's economic decline, is subordinate to eventually making good on Beijing's claim to be the sole legal national government of the island.

	-	
	-	
	-	

SECRET

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1 25X1 25X1

25X1

25X1 25X1 25X1

SECRET	

25X1

3. In considering Taiwan's continued association with IMF, Beijing authorities may have in mind the "Netherlands Antilles" precedent and the International Olympic Committee's solution of the Taiwan membership problem in the international Olympic organization. Article 4 of the IMF Articles permits the Fund to conduct consultations with territories of member countries with separate currencies, as in the case of the Netherlands Antilles. In the Olympic case, Beijing accepted the IOC solution which allowed Taiwan to remain in the Olympic organization and participate in the games as long as Taiwan did not use the name "Republic of China" or the flag and anthem of the "Republic of China." In addition Taiwan must change the name of its Olympic Committee to "Chinese Taipei Olympic Committee."

25X1

4. The above examples have in common the subordination of the authorities in Taipei to the government in Beijing. In the more applicable Netherlands Antilles example, designation of Taiwan as subordinate territory is a necessary precondition to Article-4 type arrangements.

25X1

5. Since early 1979 the authorities on Taiwan have been considering methods for remaining in international organizations, including the INF and the Olympics. In February 1979, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (MOFA) was instructed to prepare a new policy paper concerning Taiwan's relationship with IMF and IBRD. In considering this task, MOFA officials believed that China's admission to IMF could not be prevented and recommended against such a strategy. Rather they preferred to devise a strategy to retain membership as the "Republic of China" if possible, but under the name "Taiwan" if necessary.

25X1

6. It is not clear that higher authorities in Taipei would accept such a solution. In the case of the Olympics, they have not, despite the fact that a high-level government committee organized in Pebruary 1979 later submitted three names other than "Republic of China" under which the island could retain Olympic membership. So far this tactic has only been used to retain membership in several international academic associations.

25X1

. 1

SECRET

25X1

Sanitized Copy	Approved for Relea	ise 2010/06/11 :	CIA-RDP85T0028	7R000100800001-4
and the second s	The second secon	The state of the s		All American

-	SECRET		25)
to the government actors probably warticularly at the dissidents are in	in Beijing. In this ill outweigh economistime, when the trathe public even the	ic concidentiana	25)
			25X

SECRET

25X1

·ŧ